

Eastman-Rochester Chorus Eastman Philharmonia

Anna Lenti and William Weinert, conductors

Friday, December 3, 2021 Kodak Hall at Eastman Theatre 7:30 p.m.

~ PROGRAM ~

Eastman-Rochester Chorus Eastman Philharmonia

from *Die Meistersinger von Nürnberg* (1868) Richard Wagner Prelude and "Wach auf" Chorale (1813-1883)12'

Requiem für Mignon, op. 98b (1849) Robert Schumann

(1810-1856)

13'

Anna Thompson, soprano Hannah Moreno, soprano Sofia Scattarreggia, alto Deepti Kumar, alto

William Weinert, conductor

Nänie, op. 82 (1881) Johannes Brahms

(1833 - 1897)

12'

Edward Bland, baritone

~ INTERMISSION ~

Mass in C Major, op. 86 (1807) Ludwig van Beethoven

I. Kyrie

(1770-1827)

II. Gloria

45'

III. Credo

IV. Sanctus - Benedictus

V. Agnus Dei - Dona Nobis Pacem

Samantha Sosa, soprano Meg Brilleslyper, mezzo-soprano Christian Davakis, tenor Kevin Spooner, baritone

Anna Lenti, conductor

~ PERSONNEL ~

~ PERSONNEL ~

Eastman Philharmonia

Eastman-Rochester Chorus Andrew Van Varick, rehearsal pianist

Lorrie Alt Tania Beghini* Lis Bischoff-Ormsbee* Patricia Bratton Sarah Bullard Caris Burton Meghan Cameron* Marianne Chiafery Miriam Derivan Candice Fazar Jeanne Grace* Kathy Grant* Carol Green* Mary Hershey Christine Huggins* Suzan Keng* Ilse Koski* Lvnda Krens* Paula Kuempel* Barbara Lakeberg Grace Leung Anna Maria Lim Yeoug-Chin Lo Sarah Madden Honey Meconi Hannah Moreno

Kathryn Smith*

Anna Thompson

Anna Thurston*

Arlene Vanderlinde

Vicky Wadsworth*

Suzanne Winchell

Shannon Yawman

Mengru Zheng

Iulia Walsh

Amy Zou*

Soprano Alto Brenda Bixbv Collene Burns Devin Cannon Brittany Cerra* Debbie Cole* Mary Ellen Coleman Yifan Deng* Iane Dodds* Emma Draper-Reich* Erin Driscoll Catherine Fromm* Rebecca Fuss Charlotte Giebel* Iovce Gilbert Mary Ellen Gill* Katie Hahn* Bo Huang Camille Karavas Abigail Kinem Teresa Kneezel Laura Knoeck* Nina Koski* Chris Lee* Maria Leonardo Eleanor Mancusi-Ungaro* Grace Leung Sue Lione Ana Mitrovic Beth Myers* Sandy Moncrief Becca Orton Eleanor Oi Ruth Phinney Carvl Papas Joyce Porrey Lloyd Peasley Susan Pritchard* Patricia Sanborn Tarvn Reilly Catherine Shoemaker* Eloise Schrag* Julie Stefko Donna Schwedfeger* Chervl Wheeler* Rachel Singh* Fran Wyffels

Tenor

Vincent Bissonette Mark Catlin Christopher Clarke Connor Doran Dean Ekberg Remy Fenster Steve Grace Eric Meincke Michael Mittiga Mark Phinney Simone Picciolo Andres Ramirez Don Seipel Mark Toor Iames Widboom Stephen Wolak James Wolter Soong Hong Wong Yilin Yan

Bass

David Berg Charles Berofsky Luke Brennan Paul Caito Anthony Chen Berithen Chung Timothy Coleman James Ebmeyer Brian Grover Peter Guidash Nicholas Kochan Rick Kuempel Ross Maddox William McNamara Richard Moncrief Emory Morris Richard Myers Brent Neelev Jason Perfetto Zixu Qin Daniel Reid Steven Rozenski Andrew Schep Chuck Sheppard Zach Stoessel William Unterborn Carl Vollbracht Minghang Wang Lewis Ward-Baker Kejun Zhong

Violin I

Chloe Yofan, concertmaster Emilie Tupper Jonathan Fenwick Nicholas Shaefer Andres Carrero Leo Matsuoka Abreal Whitman Mateo Garza Mengxiao Hong Oivue Zhang Hannah Kim Christy Liu Ana Pinedo Hernandez*

Violin II

Eric Wang Kostia Lukvniuk Carina Yee Kang-in Han Jenny Choi Jessica Zhuang Suwon Kim Tina Moon Henry Rublein Alfred Cheng

Viola

Alicia Pucci Ho Fei Ng Wednesday Hsu Amelia Eckloff* Amy Chiang Megan Wike* Ashley Vogler Iafre' Chase* Sophia Moreira Ben Barron* Rita Monahan Adrian Jackson* Fanshu Sun Gabrielle Malaniak*

Cello

Cecilia Hoyt Kyle Johnson* Elise Cole Boubacar Diallo* Wil Vanderslice Dylan Jowell* Cole Leonard Phoebe Chu* Noah Janowicz Shawn Thoma* Anastasia Wilson Joella Becker*

Bass

Riley Collier Christiana Gangi Aidan Pasquale Min Jee Kim Emma Bailie* Ariel Walton Zoe Markle* Owen McCready*

Flute

Dean Brady Jashanti Henry Amelia Libbey

Oboe

Peter Davies Gwen Goodman Daniel Hirshbein Jeehoon Kim Brian Stewart

Clarinet

Dustin Lin Ashrey Shah

Bassoon

Peter Ecklund Meagan Neuman

Horn

Ioe Alberico Kristin Andlauer Amanda Friedman Katherine Perrine Kyle Schober

Trumpet

Grace Firth Luke Fox Katie Hillstrom Jerry Mak

Trombone

Joshua Brown Cameron Collar Chase Farrell Ivv Gulakiw Vincent Huang

Tuba

Logan Wadley

Timpani

Ethan Hall Austin Keck

Percussion

Kana Funayama Rachel Richards

Harp

Lindsay Haukom Elizabeth Mayo

Organ

Andrew Van Varick

*Beethoven only

*Beethoven only

~ PROGRAM NOTES, TEXTS, & TRANSLATIONS ~

Since 1922, seventeen composers have looked down on Eastman Theatre performers and audiences. Fifteen are cameo portraits on the front surface of the Grand Balcony; the other two are the large busts of Bach and Beethoven at the sides of the stage. Tonight's performance features music of four of the composers honored when the Theatre was built.

Die Meistersinger von Nürnberg, Wagner's comic masterpiece of 1868, is the only one of his operas to deal with real characters and human situations, as they probe the role of the artist in society. The often-played Prelude to Act I presents many main themes from the opera, eventually combining them in a dizzying contrapuntal display, before a return to the majestic opening processional music. The opera's final act features splendid choral writing, including a chorale-like passage in praise of Hans Sachs, the opera's hero and head of the Meistersingers guild, who embodies the marriage of musical tradition and innovation.

Wacht auf,
es nahet gen den Tag,
ich hör' singen im grünen Hag
ein' wonnigliche Nachtigal,
ihr' Stimm' durchdringet Berg und Tal;
die Nacht neigt sich zum Okzident,
der Tag geht auf von Orient,
die rotbrünstige Morgenröt'
her durch die trüben Wolken geht.

Ah! Nürnbergs Sachs! Ah! Nürnbergs teurem Sachs! Ah! Sachs! Awake!

the dawn is drawing near;

I hear a blissful nightingale

singing in the green grove,

its voice rings through hill and valley;

night is sinking in the west,

the day arises in the east,

the ardent red glow of morning

approaches through the gloomy clouds.

Ah! Nuremberg's Sachs! Ah! Nuremberg's dear Sachs! Ah! Sachs!

from the libretto by Richard Wagner

Requiem für Mignon

Although best known for masterpieces of the piano literature, brilliant symphonies, and iconic art songs, Robert Schumann was also a prolific composer of music for chorus and orchestra. Requiem für Mignon (1850) sets a short text from Goethe's novel Wilhelm Meister's Apprenticeship. Here, the beautiful and mysterious young Mignon has passed away after a long illness, and her small band of friends is holding an informal celebration of her life in an abbey. Her purity of spirit is celebrated by the chorus, and separate group of four treble singers. An older man comforts the assembly, and a final chorus imagines her spirit wafted upwards toward Heaven.

I.

Wen bringt ihr uns zur stillen Gesellschaft? Einen müden Gespielen bringen wir euch; Lasst ihn unter euch ruh'n bis das Jauchzen himmlischer Geschwister ihn dereinst wieder aufweckt! Erstling der Jugend in unserm Kreise, Sei willkommen! mit Trauer willkommen! Dir folge kein Knabe, kein Mädchen nach! Nur das Alter nahe sich willig und gelassen Der stillen Halle, und in ernster Gesellschaft ruhe das liebe Kind!

II.

Ach! wie ungern brachten wir ihn her! Ach! und er soll hier bleiben! Lasst uns auch bleiben, lasst uns weinen an seinem Sarge! Ach! wie ungern brachten wir ihn her!

III.

Seht die mächtigen Flügel doch an!
Seht das leichte, reine Gewand!
Wie blinkt die gold'ne Binde vom Haupt!
Seht die schöne, würdige Ruh'!
Seht das reine Gewand!
Ach! die Flügel heben sie nicht;
im leichten Spiele flattert es nicht mehr!
Als wir mit Rosen kränzten ihr Haupt,
blickte sie hold und freundlich nach uns!
Ach! die Flügel heben sie nicht!
Seht die mächtigen Flügel doch an!
Schaut mit den Augen des Geistes hinan!

Who is it you bring to our peaceful gathering?
We bring to you a weary companion;
Let her rest among you, until the rejoicing
Of the heavenly fraternity
awakes her once more!
First of all youths in our circle,
Welcome! In sorrow be welcome!
No boy, no maiden shall succeed you!
Let only the aged voluntarily and calmly approach
This tranquil hall, and in solemn society
The dear child shall slumber!

Ah, how we hated bringing her here! Ah, and she shall remain here! Let us also remain, Let us weep by her coffin! Ah, how we hated bringing her here!

But behold these mighty wings!
Behold this light and pure garment!
How the golden band gleams from her brow!
Behold the lovely dignified peace!
Behold the pure garment!
Ah, the wings cannot be raised;
They no longer flutter in merry play!
When we wreathed her head in roses,
She watched us with friendly and gentle eyes!
Ah, the wings cannot be raised!
But behold the mighty wings!
Look yonder with the eyes of the spirit!

IV.

In euch lebe die bildende Kraft, Die, das Schönste, das Höchste, hinauf über die Sterne das Leben trägt. Schaut hinan! mit den Augen des Geistes hinan! Aber ach! wir vermissen sie hier, In den Gärten wandelt sie nicht; sammelt der Wiese Blumen nicht mehr. Lasst uns weinen, wir lassen sie hier!

V.

Kinder, kehret in's Leben zurück!
Eure Tränen trockne die frische Luft,
Die um das schlängelnde Wasser spielt.
Entflieht der Nacht!
Tag und Lust und Dauer
ist der Lebendigen Los!
Auf, wir kehren in's Leben zurück!
Gebe der Tag uns Arbeit und Lust,
Bis der Abend uns Ruhe bringt
Und der Schlaf uns erquickt.

VI.

Kinder! Eilet in's Leben hinan! In der Schönheit reinem Gewande Begegne euch die Liebe mit himmlischen Blick Und dem Kranz der Unsterblichkeit! Auf! wir kehren in's Leben zurück! Auf! Let creative power live long in you,
The power – the highest
and most beautiful,
Which bore life out beyond the stars.
Look yonder!
Yonder with the eyes of the spirit!
But alas, we see her not here,
She does not walk in the garden;
She no longer gathers the flowers of the field.
Let us weep! Let us leave her here.

Children, return to life!
May your tears be dried by the fresh air
That plays around the winding water.
Fly from night!
Day and joy and permanence
is the lot of the living!
Arise! We must return to life!
May the day give us work and joy,
Until evening brings us rest
And sleep refreshes us.

Children! Hasten into life!
In the pure garments of beauty
May love greet you
with a heavenly glance
And garland you with immortality!
Arise! We must return to life!
Arise!

Johann Wolfgang von Goethe English translation by Richard Stokes

Nänie

After their meeting in 1853, Johannes Brahms idolized Robert Schumann for the rest of his life. His series of brief works for chorus and orchestra mirror a number of works of Schumann, in their preoccupation with mortality and fate. Perhaps the best-known and most intimate of these is *Nänie* (1881), a setting of poem by Schiller lamenting the deaths of those who pass away in the flower of youth (like Goethe's Mignon). (The title refers to *nenia*, the Latin word for a funeral lament.) The poem presents a series of figures from ancient mythology who died when young: Eurydice, Adonis, and Achilles. In the poem's conclusion, we hear that despite such tragedy, so common in real life, "even to be a lament on the lips of loved ones is splendid."

William Weinert

Auch das Schöne muß sterben! Das Menschen und Götter bezwinget, Nicht die eherne Brust rührt es des stygischen Zeus. Einmal nur erweichte die Liebe den Schattenbeherrscher, Und an der Schwelle noch, streng, rief er zurück sein Geschenk. Nicht stillt Aphrodite dem schönen Knaben die Wunde, Die in den zierlichen Leib grausam der Eber geritzt. Nicht errettet den göttlichen Held die unsterbliche Mutter, Wann er, am skäischen Tor fallend, sein Schicksal erfüllt. Aber sie steigt aus dem Meer mit allen Töchtern des Nereus, Und die Klage hebt an um den verherrlichten Sohn. Siehe, da weinen die Götter, es weinen die Göttinnen alle, Daß das Schöne vergeht, daß das Vollkommene stirbt. Auch ein Klaglied zu sein im Mund der Geliebten, ist herrlich, Denn das Gemeine geht klanglos zum Orkus hinab.

The beautiful, too, must die! That which subjugates men and gods does not stir the brazen heart of the stygian Zeus. Only once did love melt the Lord of Shadows, and just at the threshhold, he strictly yanked back his gift. Aphrodite does not heal the beautiful boy's wound, which the boar ripped cruelly in that delicate body. Neither does the immortal mother save the divine hero When, falling at the Scaean Gate, he fulfills his fate. She ascends from the sea with all the daughters of Nereus, And lifts up a lament for her glorious son. Behold! the gods weep; all the goddesses weep, That the beautiful perish, that perfection dies. But to be a dirge on the lips of loved ones can be splendid; For that which is common goes down to Orcus in silence.

Friedrich von Schiller English translation by Emily Ezust

Mass in C Major

The commission for Beethoven's *Mass in C Major* arrived in the summer of 1807 from the Esterházy court. Prince Nikolaus II had been the final patron of Joseph Haydn, and under his patronage the esteemed composer had written all six of his late masses as commissions for the name-day celebration of the Prince's wife. When Haydn retired from the court at the start of the 19th century, Prince Nikolaus turned to a few other composers to carry on the tradition for his wife's name day. In 1807, it was Beethoven's turn to try his hand.

By all accounts, Beethoven took great pride and care in crafting this commission. Though he had not yet composed any liturgical music, he greatly admired Haydn's late masses, referring to them as "inimitable masterpieces." Beethoven's sketches of the "Gloria" for *Mass in C* even include two passages copied from Haydn's *Schöpfungsmesse*. Unfortunately, Beethoven's efforts were undermined by a rather disastrous rehearsal process: reportedly, only one of five altos showed up to the dress rehearsal, and everything was under-rehearsed. Beethoven conducted the premier himself, and the Prince was not at all pleased with the outcome, announcing at the conclusion of the piece, "But, my dear Beethoven, what is this that you have done again?" Despite this poor reception at the initial performance, Beethoven's mass has, over time, comfortably found its place within the canon of choral-orchestral masses.

Beethoven composed the *Mass in C* in the middle of what most scholars refer to as his "middle period," or the "heroic decade" from 1803-1813. Longer than a symphony but driven by the intimacy of personal devotion, the Mass in C offered Beethoven a chance to explore almost every defining aspect of his middle period of composition: the classical traditions of Haydn as an outline for the work; the personal, intimate expression of the opening "Kyrie;" the heroism of the "Credo" through the narrative of Christ's death and resurrection; and a religious piety throughout that reflects his continuing struggle with his faith amidst his increasing deafness. Beethoven's experimentation in this mass laid the groundwork for the Missa Solemnis, a work that is no longer steeped in the tradition of Haydn, but is instead born fully of Beethoven's developed style. As his only other published mass setting, the Mass in C is therefore an integral step in Beethoven's compositional journey. It allowed him not only to explore the traditions established by his predecessors and adopt them for himself, but also to see where he could break away from tradition and forge his own path.

Anna Lenti

Kyrie eleison. Christe eleison. Kyrie eleison.

Gloria in excelsis Deo Et in terra pax hominibus, bonae voluntatis. Laudamus te, benedicimus te, Adoramus te, glorificamus te. Gratias agimus tibi propter magnam gloriam tuam. Domine Deus rex caelestis, Deus pater omnipotens, Domine fili unigenite, Jesu Christe. Domine Deus agnus Dei, filius patris. Qui tollis peccata mundi, miserere nobis. Qui tollis peccata mundi, Suscipe deprecationem nostrum. Qui sedes ad dexteram patris, miserere nobis. Quoniam tu solus sanctus, Tu solus Dominus, Tu solus latissimus, Jesu Christe, Cum sancto Spiritu in gloria Dei patris. Amen.

Credo in unum Deum, Patrem omnipotentem factorem caeli et terrae, Visibilium, omnium, et invisibilium, Et in unum Dominum Jesum Christum Filium Dei unigenitum, Et ex patre natum ante omnia saecula. Deum de Deo, lumen de lumine Deum verum, de Deo vero. Genitum non factum, consubstantialem patri, Per quem omnia facta sunt. Qui propter nos homines, et propter nostram salutem, Descendit de caelis Et incarnatus est, de spiritu sancto, ex Maria virgine, et homo factus est. Crucifixus etiam pro nobis, sub Pontio Pilato, passus et sepultus est. Lord, have mercy. Christ, have mercy. Lord, have mercy.

Glory to God in the highest And peace on earth to men of good will. We praise You, we bless You, We worship You, we glorify You. We give You thanks for Your great glory. Lord God, King of Heaven, God the Father Almighty, Lord only-begotten Son, Jesus Christ. Lord God, Lamb of God, Son of the Father. You who takes away the sin of the world, Have mercy on us. You who takes away the sin of the world, Hear our prayer. You who sits at the right hand of the Father, Have mercy on us. For You alone are holy, You alone are Lord, You alone are the Most High, Jesus Christ. With the Holy Spirit in the glory of God the Father. Amen.

I believe in one God, the Father Almighty, maker of heaven and earth, of all that is, seen and unseen, and in one Lord Jesus Christ, the only Son of God. eternally begotten of the Father. God from God, light from light, true God from true God. Begotten, not made, of one being with the Father, through Him all things were made. Who for us, and for our salvation He came down from heaven He became incarnate by the Holy Spirit, from the Virgin Mary, and was made man. For our sake He was crucified under Pontius Pilate, He died and was buried.

Credo (continued)

Et resurrexit tertia die. secundum scripturas. Et ascendit in caelum, sedet ad dexteram patris. Et iterum venturus est, cum Gloria judicare, Vivos et mortuos, cujus regni non erit finis. Et in Spiritum sanctum Dominum, Et vivificantem, qui ex patre filioque procedit Qui cum patre et filio Simul adoratur, et conglorificator, Qui locutus est per Prophetas. Et unum, sanctam, Catholicam, Et Apostolicam Ecclesiam. Confiteor unum baptisma in remissionem peccatorum. Et exspecto resurrexionem mortuorum, Et vitam venturi saeculi. Amen.

Sanctus, sanctus, sanctus, Dominus Deus Sabaoth, Pleni sunt caeli et terra gloria tua. Osanna in excelsis. Benedictus qui venit in nomine Domini. Osanna in excelsis.

Agnus Dei, qui tollis peccata mundi, miserere nobis.
Agnus Dei, qui tollis peccata mundi, miserere nobis.
Agnus Dei, qui tollis peccata mundi, dona nobis pacem.

On the third day He rose according to the Scriptures. He ascended into heaven, and is seated at the right hand of the Father. He will come again in glory to judge the living and the dead, and His kingdom will have no end. And I believe in the Holy Spirit, the Lord, The giver of Life, who proceeds from the Father and the Son. Who with the Father and the Son He is worshipped and is glorified, He has spoken through the prophets. I believe in one holy catholic and apostolic Church. I acknowledge one baptism for the forgiveness of sins. I look for the resurrection of the dead, and the life of the world to come. Amen.

Holy, holy, holy, Lord God of Hosts. Heaven and earth are full of your glory. Hosanna in the highest. Blessed is He who comes in the name of the Lord. Hosanna in the highest.

Lamb of God, who takes away the sin of the world, have mercy on us.

Lamb of God, who takes away the sin of the world, have mercy on us.

Lamb of God, who takes away the sin of the world. grant us peace.

The Roman Missal

Upcoming Concerts

Events are free unless otherwise noted.

Sunday, December 5, 2021
Eastman Repertory Singers and ESM/UR Treble Chorus

Music of Handel, Telemann, Mendelssohn, Pook, Perry, Saindon, and others Philip Silvey, Christian Bigliani, Grace Leung, and Soong Hong Wong, conductors Kilbourn Hall • 3PM

> Sunday, January 23, 2022 **Eastman Bach Cantata Series** *BWV 7 & BWV 65*

Mengru Zheng and Daniel Reid, conductors Glory House International • 3PM

Sunday, February 13, 2022 **Eastman Repertory Singers and ESM/UR Treble Chorus**Philip Silvey, Soong Hong Wong, and Mengru Zheng, *conductors*Kilbourn Hall • 3PM

We acknowledge with respect the Seneca Nation, known as the "Great Hill People" and "Keepers of the Western Door" of the Haudenosaunee Confederacy. We take this opportunity to thank the people on whose ancestral lands the Eastman School of Music of the University of Rochester currently occupies in Rochester, New York.

Information about upcoming Eastman concerts and events can be found at: www.rochester.edu/Eastman/calendar

Kodak Hall fire exits are located along the right and left sides, and at the back of the hall on each level. In the event of an emergency, you will be notified by the stage manager. If notified, please move in a calm and orderly fashion to the nearest exit.

Restrooms are located on each level of Kodak Hall at Eastman Theatre Our ushers will be happy to direct you to them.

Please note: The use of unauthorized photographic and recording equipment is not allowed in this building. We reserve the right to ask anyone disrupting a performance to leave the hall.

Supporting the Eastman School of Music:

We at the Eastman School of Music are grateful for the generous contributions made by friends, parents, and alumni, as well as local and national foundations and corporations. Gifts and grants to the School support student scholarships, performance and academic facilities, educational initiatives, and programs open to the greater Rochester community. Every gift, no matter the size, is vital to enhancing Eastman's commitment to excellence.

For more information on making a gift, please visit www.esm.rochester.edu/advancement or contact the Advancement Office by calling (585) 274-1040. Thank you!